

Soma dos Ímpares = n^2

1	1	=	1
3	1+3	=	4
5	4+5	=	9
7	9+7	=	16
9	16+9	=	25
11	25+11	=	36
13	36+13	=	49
15	49+15	=	64

...

...

...

$(2n-1)$	$1+3+5+\dots(2n-1)$	=	n^2
	$= [1+(2n-1)]n/2$		